## **Europe General information**

## SAFETY DATA SHEET



Bona R770, Bona R777 Komponente B

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Bona R770, Bona R777 Komponente B

**Product description**: Hardener.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

: Bona AB Box 210 74

SE-200 21 MALMÖ

**SWEDEN** 

Tel. +46-(0)40-38 55 00

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Environment@bona.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Supplier** 

**Telephone number** : +46 (0)40 385500 **Hours of operation** : 8:00 - 16:00

**Information limitations**: Information in English only!

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version : 1.01 1/15

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Hazard statements** 

: Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber. Wear eye or

face protection. Do not breathe vapour or spray.

Response

: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** 

: Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate 2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	CAS: 9016-87-9	≥75 - ≤90	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation) STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (inhalation)	[1]
4,4'-methylenediphenyl	REACH #:	≥10 - ≤16	Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version : 1.01 2/15

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

		<del></del>	,	
diisocyanate	01-2119457014-47 EC: 202-966-0 CAS: 101-68-8 Index: 615-005-00-9		Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373	
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	REACH #: 01-2119480143-45 EC: 227-534-9 CAS: 5873-54-1 Index: 615-005-00-9	<10	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373	[1]
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	REACH #: 01-2119927323-43 EC: 219-799-4 CAS: 2536-05-2 Index: 615-005-00-9	<3	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### <u>Type</u>

Inhalation

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

	 •	 	 _	_
General			•	1

: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the Eye contact eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

> Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Ingestion Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. **Protection of first-aiders** 

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version: 1.01 3/15

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains MDI, prepolymer, 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate, 2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray or mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocvanates.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version : 1.01 4/15

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

- For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- 6.2 Environmental precautions
- : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
- : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13).

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

#### Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

: Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO<sub>2</sub> will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version: 1.01 5/15

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : For professional users only. Not allowed on general public market.

**Industrial sector specific** 

solutions

: Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

No exposure limit value known.

## procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

## **PNECs**

No PNECs available

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be exposed to any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version: 1.01 6/15

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Occupational exposure controls.)

#### **Individual protection measures**

## **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## **Eye/face protection**

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

## **Skin protection**

## **Hand protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

## **Gloves**

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: nitrile rubber

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

#### **Body protection**

: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

## Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

 By spraying: air-fed respirator.
 By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Brown.
Odour : Unpleasant.
Odour threshold : Not applicable.
pH : Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version : 1.01 7/15

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Not available.

<0°C

Closed cup: 229°C Flash point

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or : Not applicable.

explosive limits

: 1,1 kPa [room temperature] Vapour pressure

Vapour density : Not available.

Relative density 1.23

Soluble in the following materials: acetone. Solubility(ies)

Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : >500°C **Decomposition temperature** : 200°C

**Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): 100 mPa·s

**Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

Solubility in water : Not available.

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : The product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: In closed containers, pressure build-up could result in distortion, expansion and, in extreme cases, bursting of the container.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.

: Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, 10.5 Incompatible materials

water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version: 1.01 8/15

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains MDI, prepolymer, 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate, 2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	490 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	49 g/kg	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	>9400 mg/kg	-
diisocyanate		Female		
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	9200 mg/kg	-
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl) phenyl isocyanate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (vapours) Inhalation (dusts and mists)	13,75 mg/l 7,5 mg/l

## Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Sensitisation** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version : 1.01 9/15

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate 2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 2 Category 2	Inhalation Not determined Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Other information : Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	Acute EC50 >1640 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1640 mg/l	Aquatic plants	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC >10 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Acute EC50 >1640 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
,	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC >10 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl) phenyl isocyanate	Acute EC50 >1640 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
. ,	Chronic LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC >10 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version : 1.01 10/15

Bona R770, Bona R777 Komponente B

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	-	-	Not readily
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	-	-	Not readily
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl) phenyl isocyanate	-	-	Not readily
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	-	-	Not readily

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	4,51	200	low
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl) phenyl isocyanate	4,51	200	low
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	5,22	200	low

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Yes.

**Disposal considerations** 

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Residues in empty containers should be neutralised with a decontaminant (see section 6).

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

## **European waste catalogue (EWC)**

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version : 1.01 11/15

Bona R770, Bona R777 Komponente B

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Waste code	Waste designation
08 04 09*	waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Disposal considerations** 

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version: 1.01 12/15

Bona R770, Bona R777 Komponente B

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** 

: Not applicable.

on the manufacture. placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the

product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use** 

**Mixture** 

: Not applicable.

**Europe inventory** 

: Not determined.

: Listed

: Listed

**Industrial emissions** (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Air

**Industrial emissions** (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

## **Seveso Directive**

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **National regulations**

Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's

own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety

legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply

to the use of this product at work.

#### **International regulations**

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

## **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## **International lists**

## **National inventory**

**Australia** : All components are listed or exempted. Canada : All components are listed or exempted. China : All components are listed or exempted.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version: 1.01 13/15

Bona R770, Bona R777 Komponente B

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand: All components are listed or exempted.Philippines: All components are listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: All components are listed or exempted.Taiwan: All components are listed or exempted.

Turkey: Not determined.

**United States** : All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

CEPE code : 5

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** 

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	

## Full text of abbreviated H statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351 (inhalation)	Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 (inhalation)	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version : 1.01 14/15

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Acute Tox. 4, H332 Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)

Carc. 2, H351 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317

STOT RE 2, H373 (inhalation)

STOT RE 2, H373

**STOT SE 3, H335** 

Date of printing
Date of issue/ Date of

Date of previous issue

Version : 1.01

: 2018-02-05.

: 2018-02-02

: 2018-02-01

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
CARCINOGENICITY (inhalation) - Category 2

**CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** 

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE (inhalation) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Notice to reader

revision

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2018-02-02 Date of previous issue : 2018-02-01 Version : 1.01 15/15